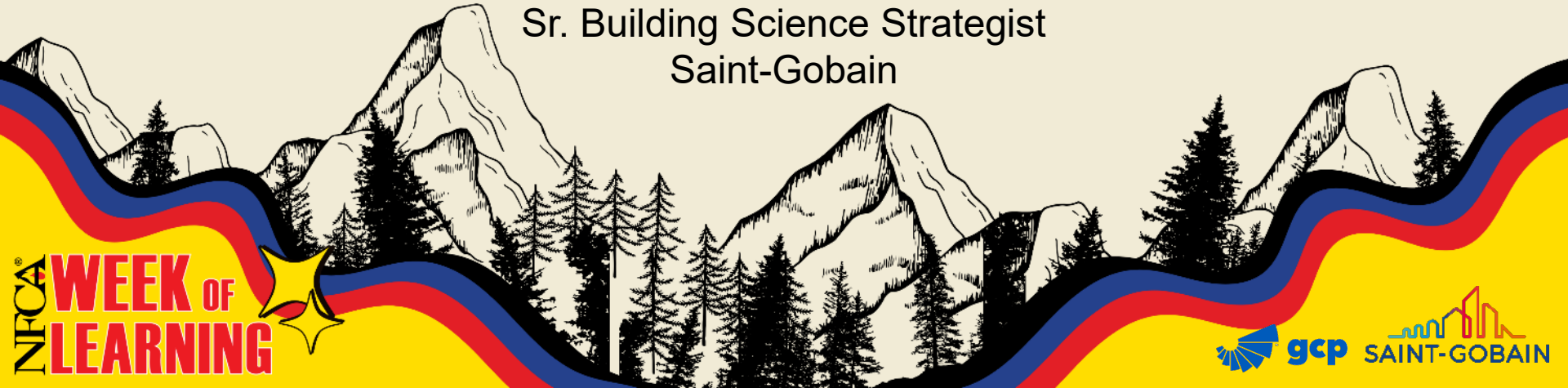


Growing the Available Market While Unlocking Carbon Savings in Steel Buildings

Galen Burrell
Sr. Building Science Strategist
Saint-Gobain



The background of the image shows a city skyline, likely New York City, with the Empire State Building visible in the distance. In the foreground, there are several vertical concrete pillars and a dark, overhanging structure, possibly part of a bridge or a building's exterior. The sky is blue with some clouds.

Bigger Contracts.

More Steel Construction.

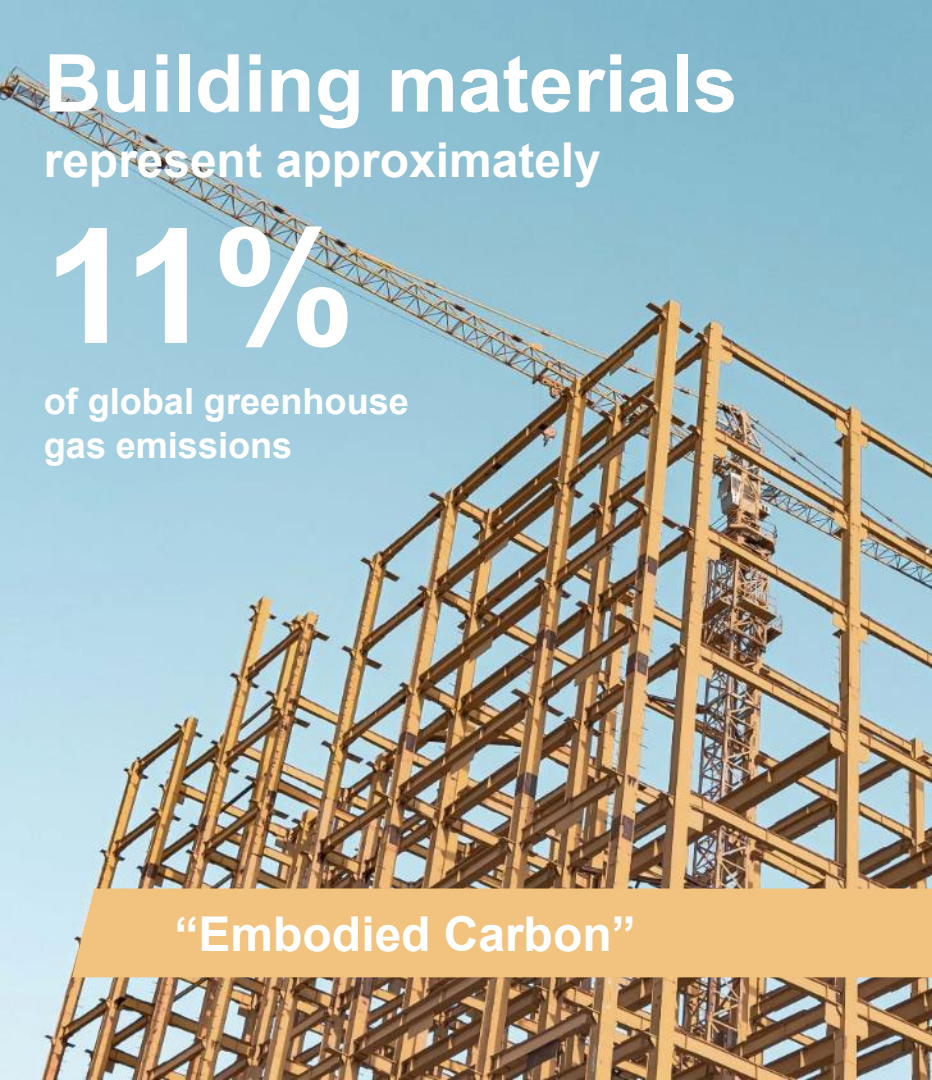
Less Carbon.

Buildings

**are responsible for
approximately**

39%

**of global greenhouse
gas emissions**



Building materials

represent approximately

11%

of global greenhouse
gas emissions

“Embodied Carbon”



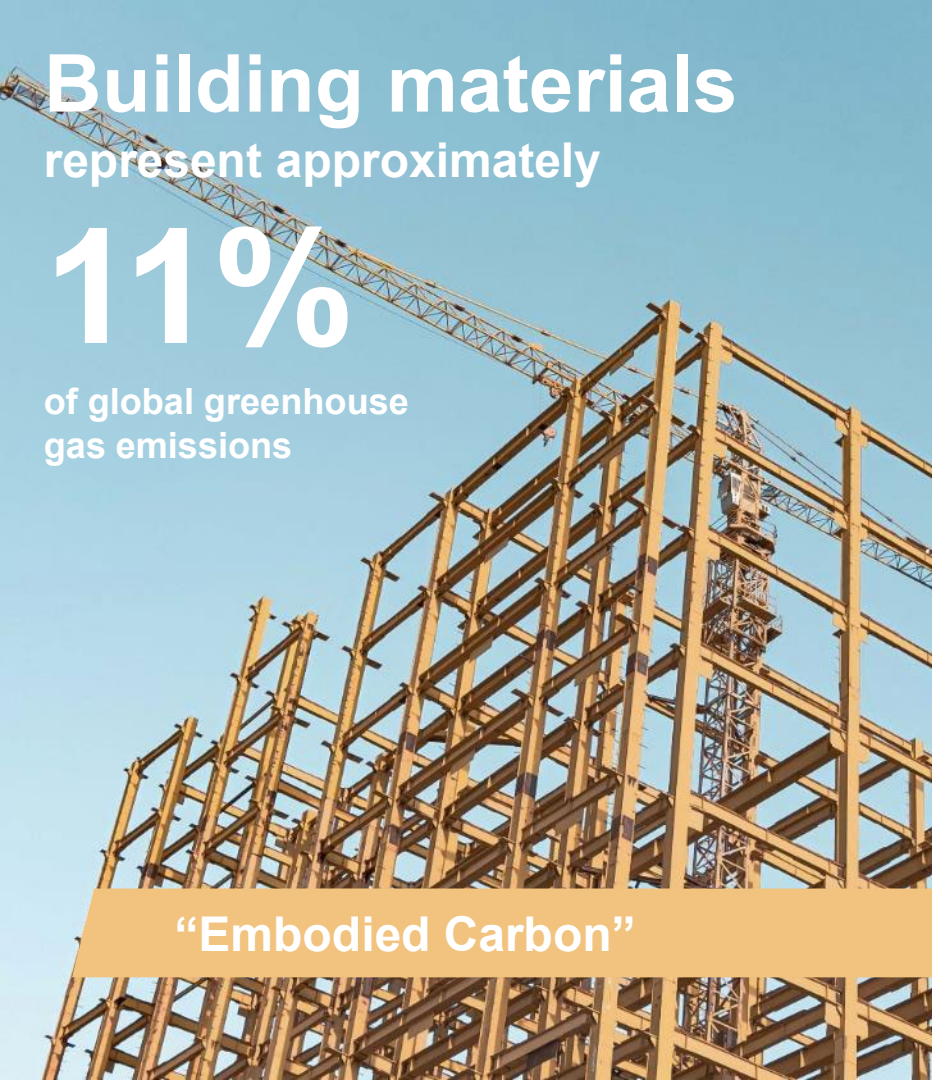
Building operations

represent approximately

28%

of global greenhouse
gas emissions

“Operational Carbon”



Building materials
represent approximately

11%

of global greenhouse
gas emissions

“Embodied Carbon”

Steel & Concrete
together represent approximately

50%

of a typical commercial
building’s embodied carbon



Source: New Buildings Institute

WHAT IS THE INDUSTRY DOING ABOUT IT?



Trammell Crow Company



WHAT IS THE INDUSTRY DOING ABOUT IT?

THE
CLIMATE
PLEDGE

Net Zero
Carbon by
2040



SENECA | GROUP



Trammell Crow Company



45%

Fortune 500 companies
plan to be net zero by 2050¹

2.5B SF

Real estate occupied by
Fortune 50 alone²

¹Source: Climate Impact Partners

²Source: Custom data from CoStar

WHAT ARE DESIGNERS & ENGINEERS DOING?

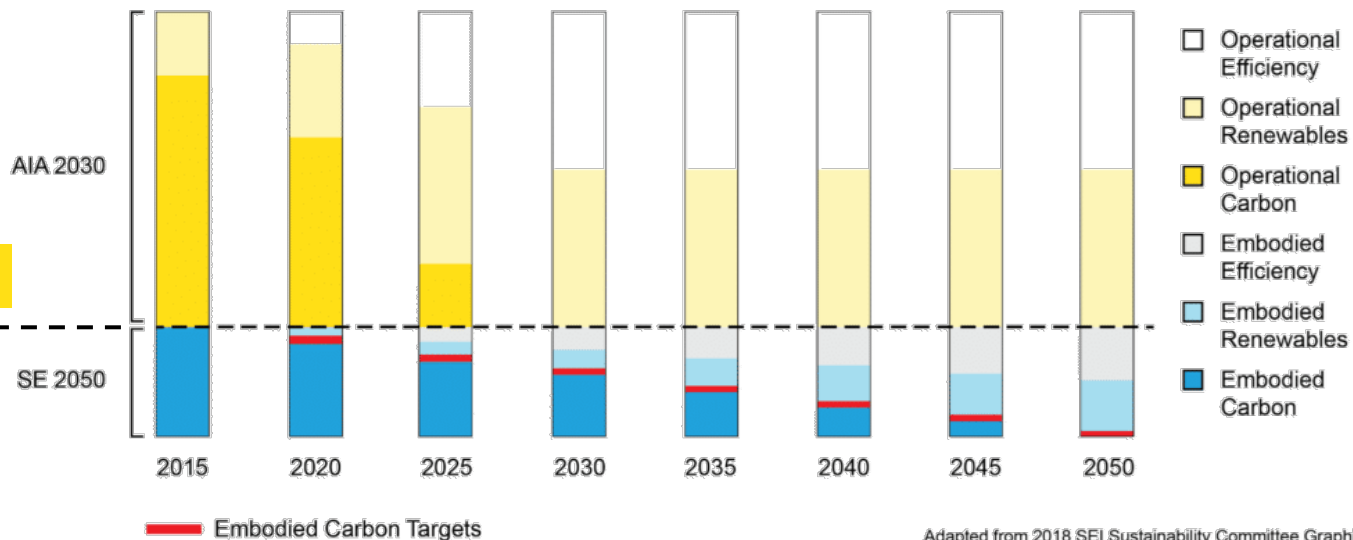


Net Zero Emissions by 2030



**Net Zero Embodied
Carbon by 2050**

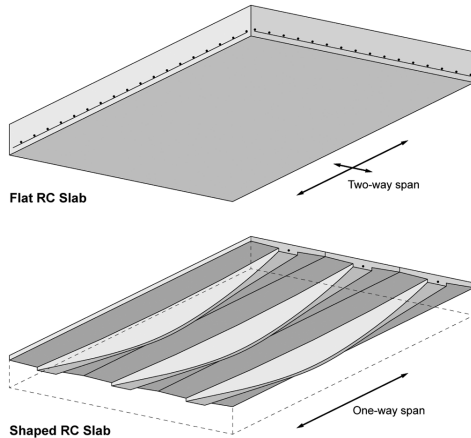
SE 2050 + AIA 2030



Adapted from 2018 SEI Sustainability Committee Graphic

STRATEGIES FOR REDUCING EMBODIED CARBON

DESIGN OPTIMIZATION

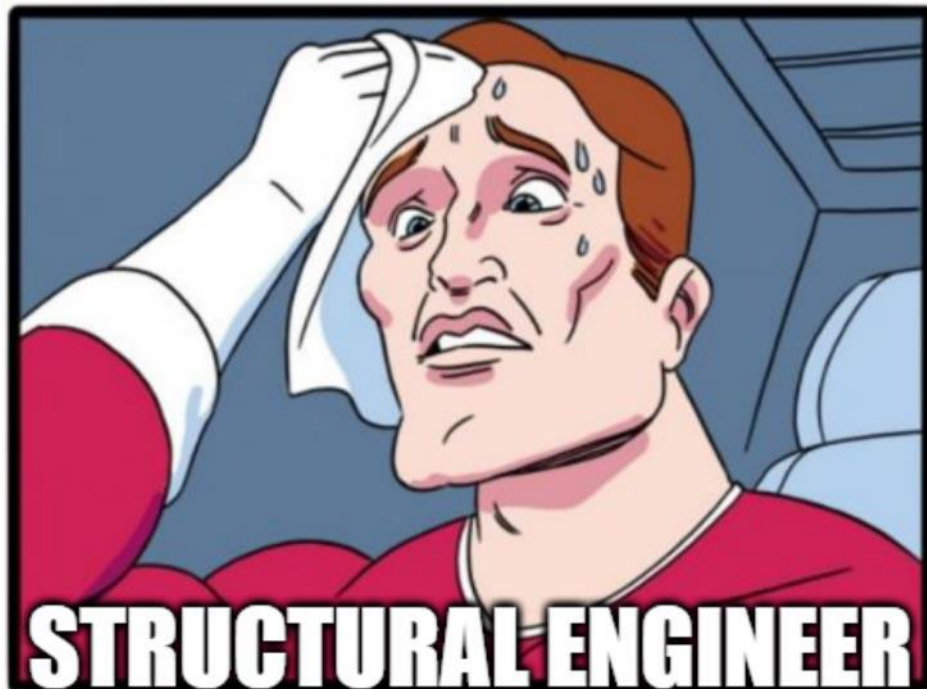


MATERIAL SPECIFICATION



STRUCTURAL SYSTEM SUBSTITUTION





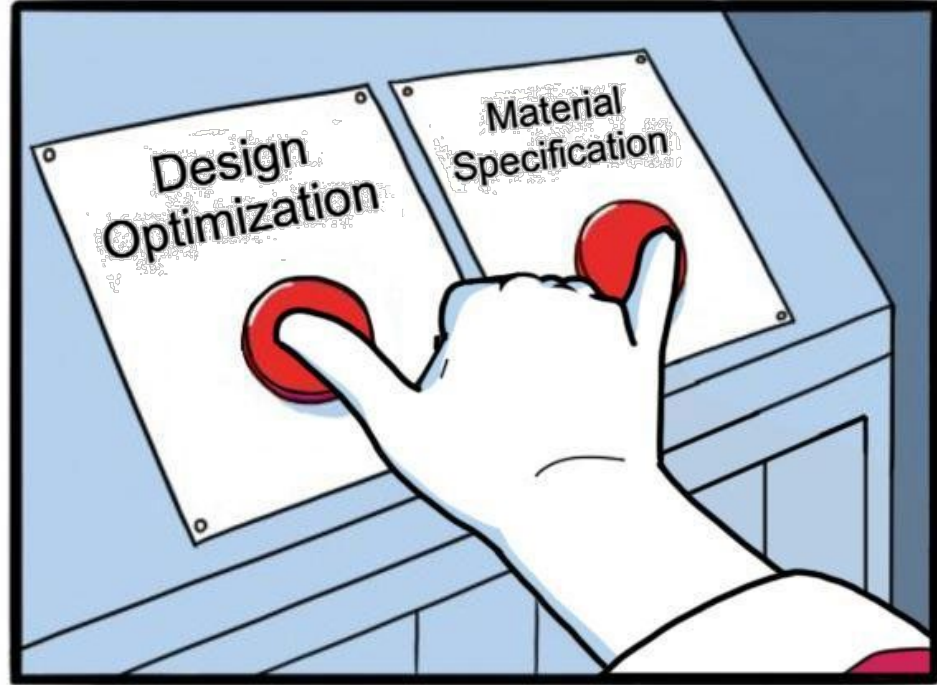
JAKE-CLARK.TUMBLR





@Petirep

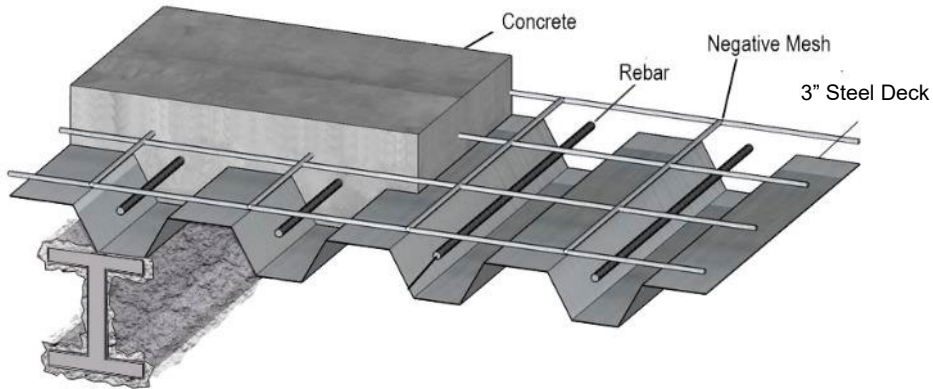
+ JAKE-CLARK.TUMBLR



BUSINESS AS USUAL APPROACH

In steel framed buildings, the concrete topping slab is typically used to achieve both structural and fire rating requirements.

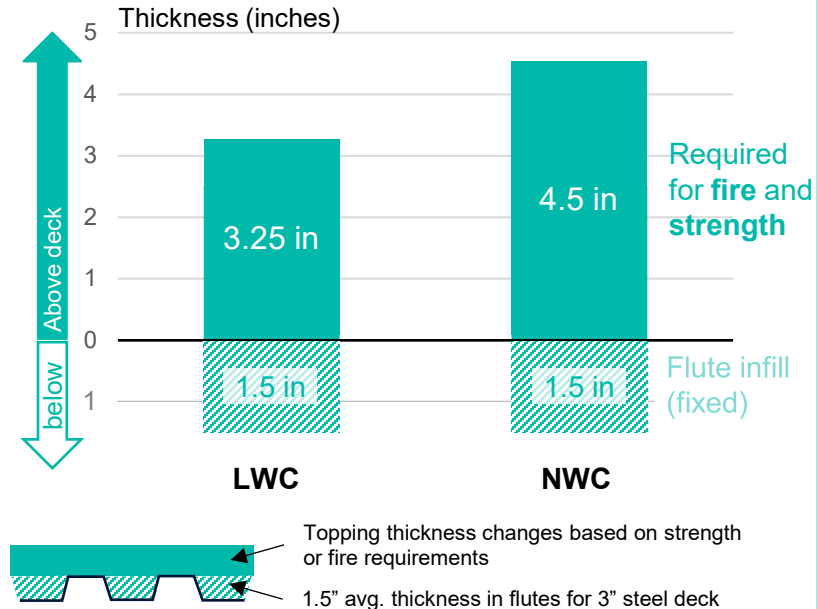
3.25" of LWC or 4.5" of NWC



2 HOUR
FIRE RATING

LWC vs. NWC

LWC requires less depth to achieve same fire rating and is lighter but has higher embodied carbon.

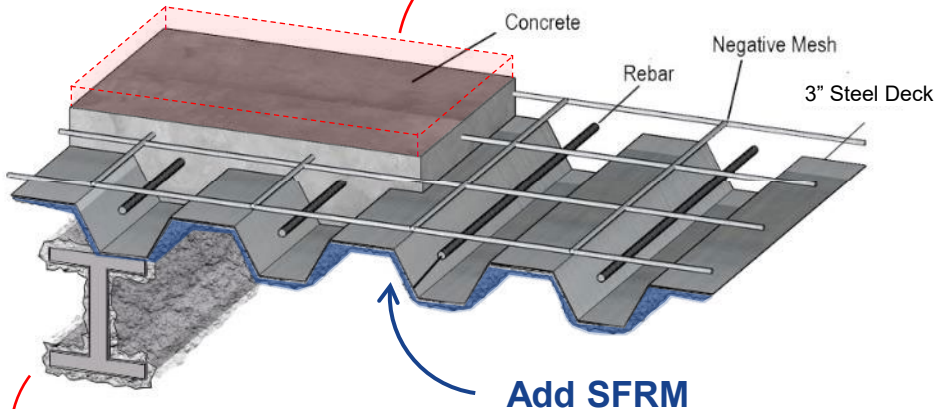


CONCRETE REDUCTION WITH SFRM

By using **SFRM** to satisfy the fire rating of the floor assembly, the **concrete** topping slab can be reduced to the minimum necessary for structural requirements.

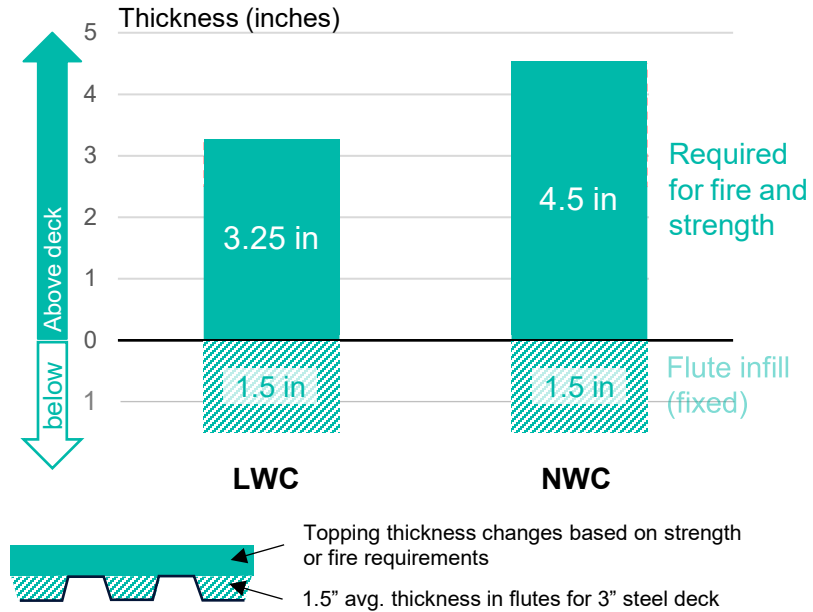
~~3.25"~~ **2.5"** of LWC or ~~4.5"~~ **2.5"** of NWC

0.75" to 2" less concrete



**Smaller beams, columns,
and foundation**

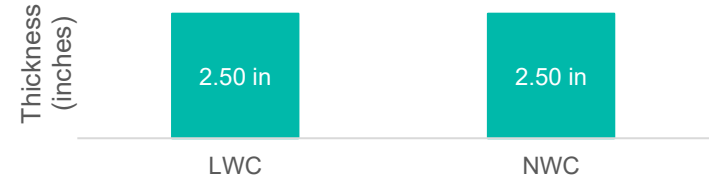
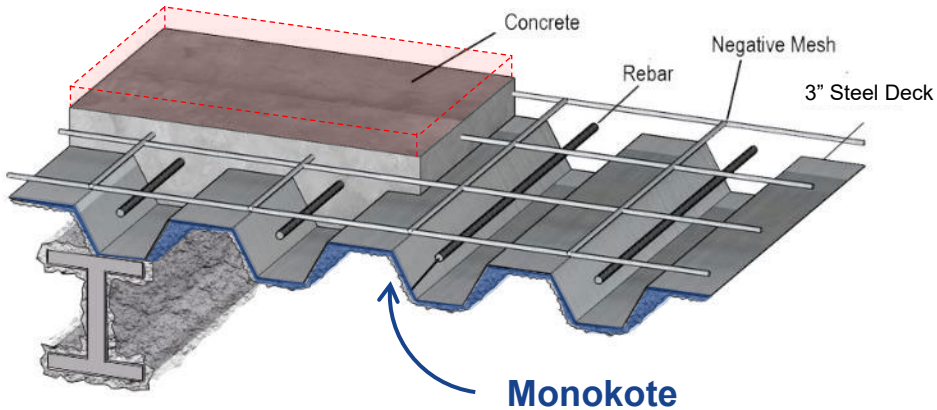
LWC vs. NWC



UNLOCKING ADDITIONAL CARBON SAVINGS

SFRM unlocks the opportunity to consider NWC (and other novel mixes) to further reduce the embodied carbon of the concrete.

2.5" of LWC or 2.5" of NWC

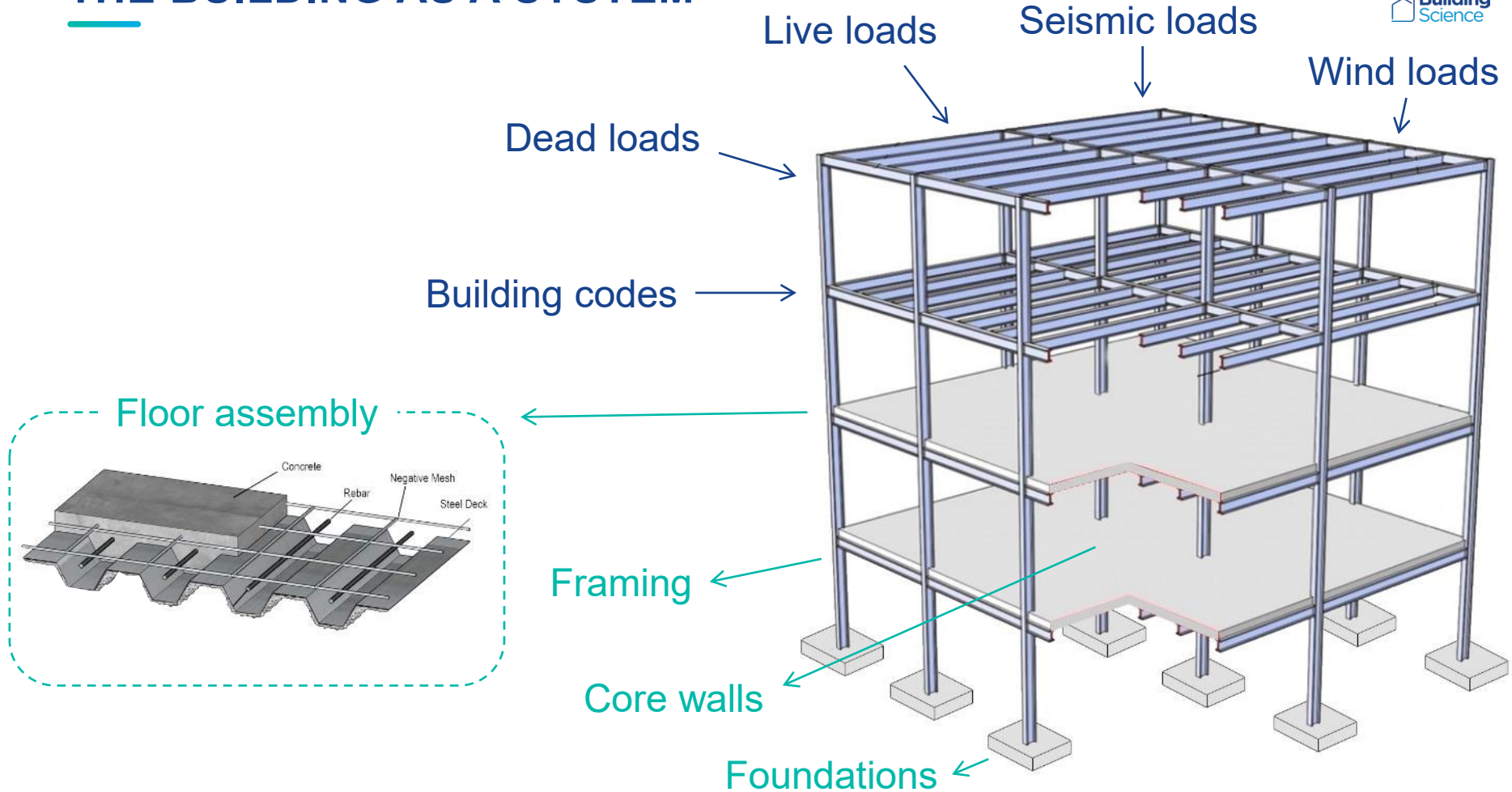


1. **At equal thickness, NWC has ~40% lower embodied carbon.**
2. **And the cost premium for novel, low carbon mixes will be reduced.**

¹ Density: 115 pcf for LWC vs. 150 pcf for NWC

² NRMCA Pacific Southwest Regional Industry Avg (2022)

THE BUILDING AS A SYSTEM



WHOLE BUILDING LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT

Embodied Carbon



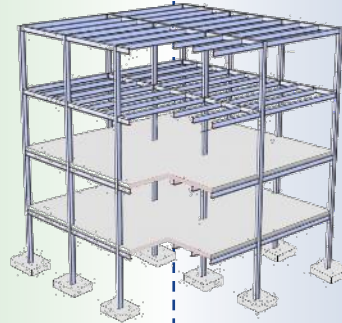
Construction

- Transportation
- Installation



Raw Materials

- Extraction
- Manufacturing
- Transportation



Operations

- Energy consumption
- Maintenance
- Repair & replacement

Operational Carbon



End of Life

- Demolition
- Waste Disposal
- Transportation

ARUP IS A GLOBAL COLLECTIVE OF DESIGNERS, ENGINEERS AND TECHNICAL EXPERTS.



“We use imagination, technology and rigour to shape a more sustainable world”



Beijing International Airport



Sydney Opera House



Apple Park

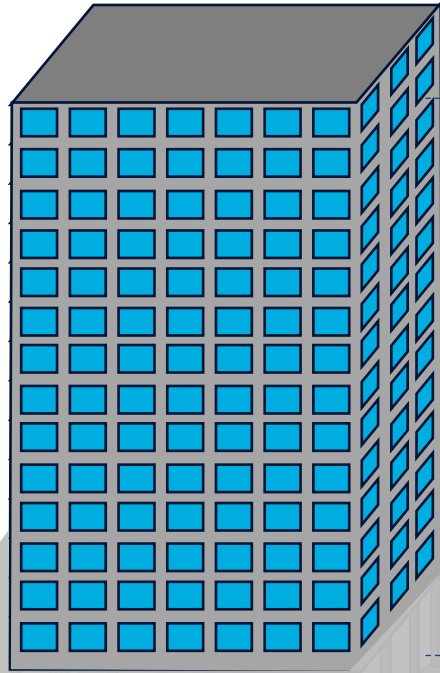


Birds Nest Stadium

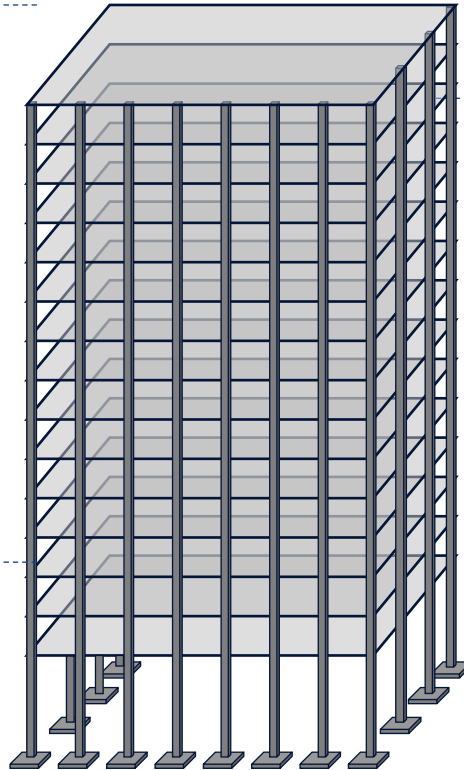
LCA CASE STUDY WITH ARUP

OVERVIEW OF BUILDING COMPONENTS

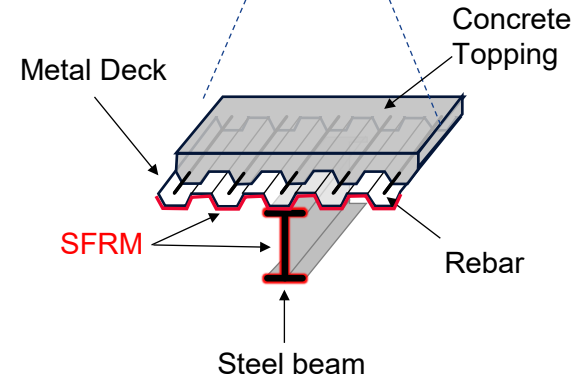
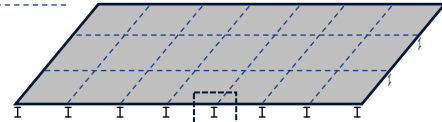
15-Story Building



Building Structure



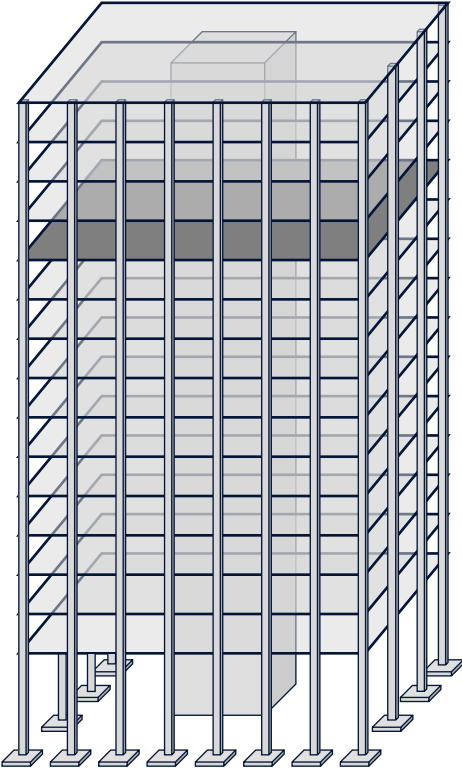
Typical Floor



Floor Assembly
Components

KEY RESULTS – CONCRETE SLAB

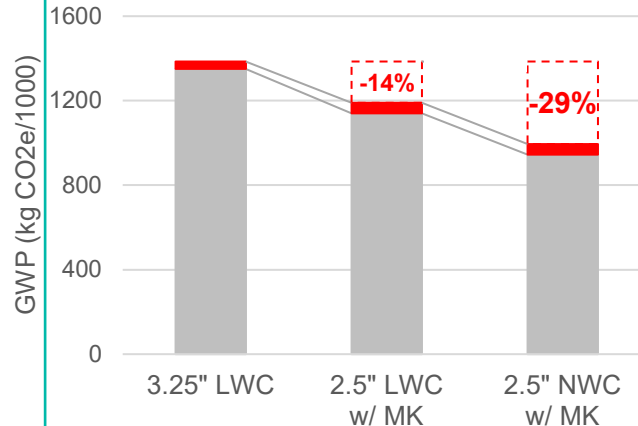
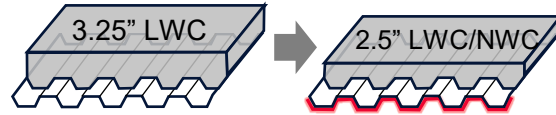
SEISMIC DESIGN



3.25" Lightweight Concrete Baseline

14-29%

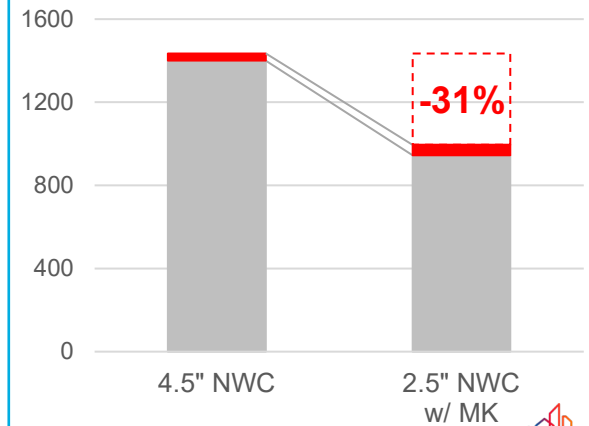
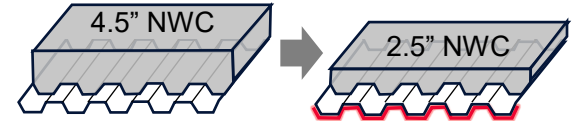
GWP Savings with SFRM



4.5" Normal Weight Concrete Baseline

31%

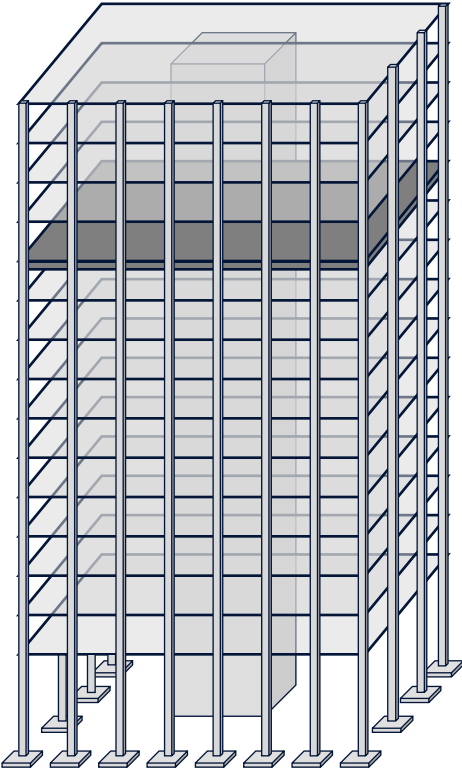
GWP Savings with SFRM



Graphs show the GWP for concrete on all 15 floors

KEY RESULTS – FLOOR ASSEMBLY

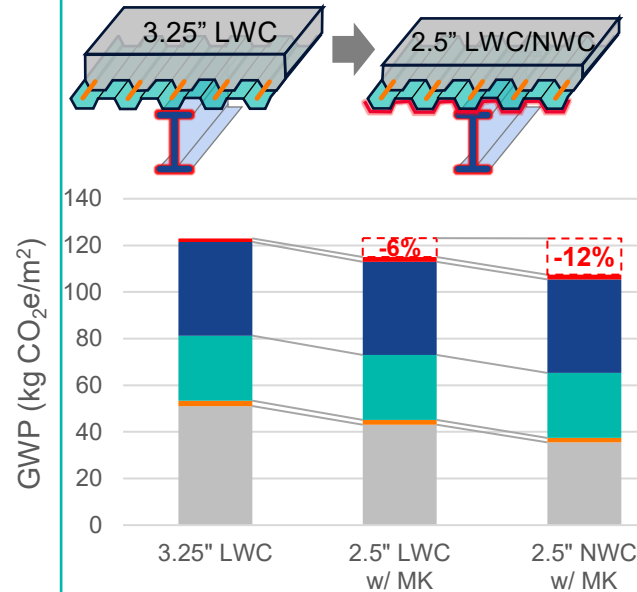
SEISMIC DESIGN



3.25" Lightweight Concrete Baseline

6-12%

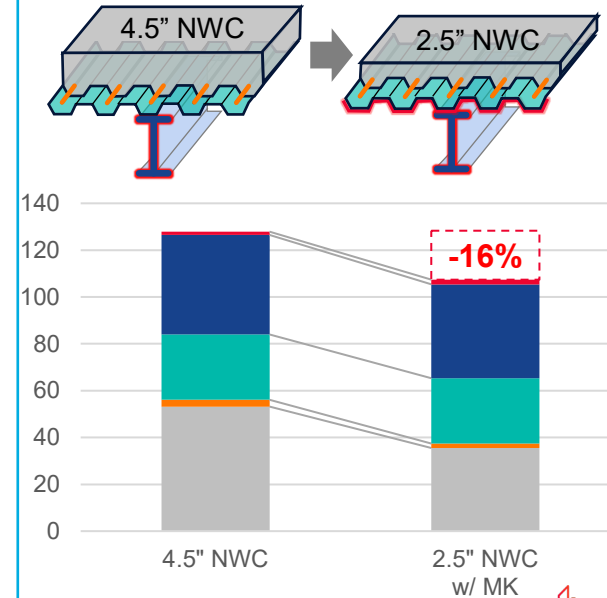
GWP Savings with SFRM



4.5" Normal Weight Concrete Baseline

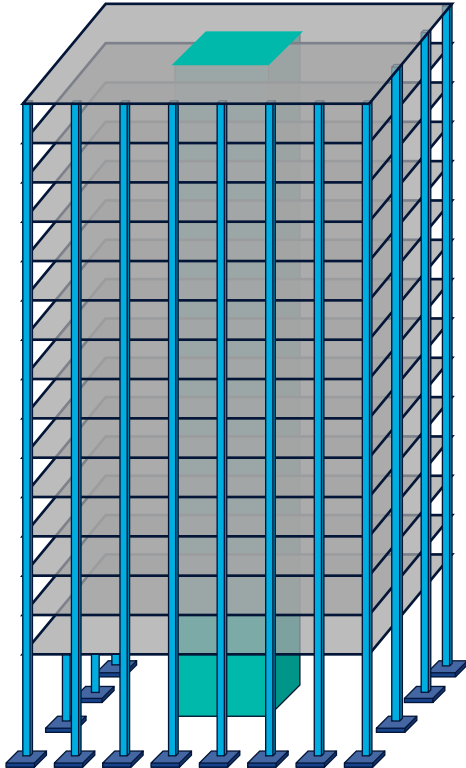
16%

GWP Savings with SFRM



KEY RESULTS – WHOLE BUILDING STRUCTURE

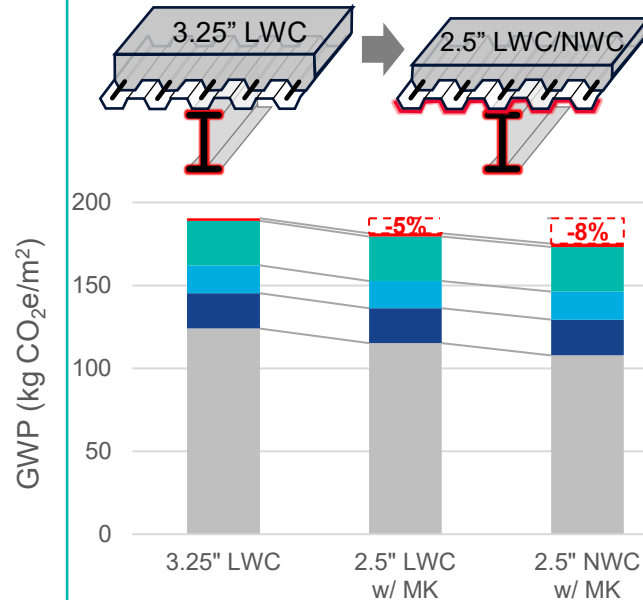
SEISMIC DESIGN



3.25" Lightweight Concrete Baseline

5-8%

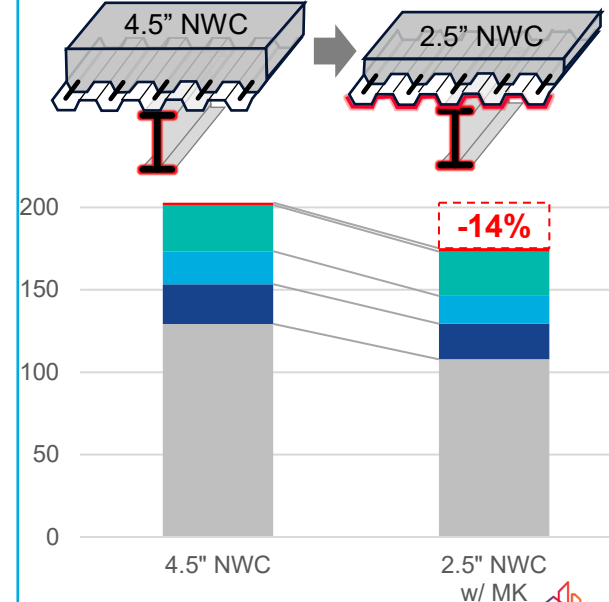
GWP Savings with SFRM



4.5" Normal Weight Concrete Baseline

14%

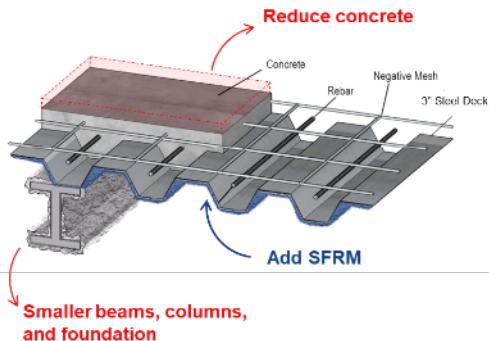
GWP Savings with SFRM



KEY TAKEAWAYS FROM THE STUDY

OPTIMIZE STRUCTURE WITH SFRM

Less concrete, smaller structure



ENABLE THE USE OF NWC

NWC has ~40% less embodied carbon than LWC at equal thickness



UNLOCK CARBON SAVINGS

On the entire structure with SFRM & NWC

up to
14%
Embodied Carbon
Savings

“

Perkins&Will is focused on reducing the carbon footprint of our projects and look for industry partners to work with on creative ways to achieve this goal. The idea of being able to reduce the thickness of concrete floor slabs by increasing the use of lower-carbon SFRM is exactly the kind of innovative and creative thinking we look for. We're very excited to have demonstrable proof of this concept to begin implementing it on projects.

”

Perkins&Will

*— Mark Walsh, FAIA, Principal
Perkins & Will Architects*

“

Re-thinking how we achieve fire-proofing of concrete slabs over metal deck in composite steel construction offers an immense opportunity to change the status quo of typical steel building design...

Through utilization of SFRM and reducing the amount of concrete in floor slabs to only what is needed only by strength, we are able to significantly reduce a building's total embodied carbon...

These findings can be applied on almost all steel projects, offering carbon savings for little cost, minimal architectural impact, and standard construction practices...

”

ARUP

– Jordan Woodson, Arup Associate

CONCEPT IN ACTION

Arup projects using SFRM to switch from LWC to NWC and achieve embodied carbon savings



National Geographic Museum



University of Michigan Center for Innovation



BanBajio Corporate HQ



Bigger Contracts.

More Steel Construction.

Less Carbon.

Thank You

